



Panorama des formats de description de documents audiovisuels

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CTO Expway



- Introduction
- MPEG-7
- TV-Anytime
- ESG / ECG / EPG
- Conclusion



- Amount of audiovisual material is increasing
 - Example: Digital TV:
 - 300 h/h of TV today
 - 1000 h/h of TV programs in 2005 (24000 h/d !!)
 - Finding, filtering and managing AV material is becoming a major issue
- ➔ MPEG-7 & TV-Anytime





MPEG-7



- MPEG-1 11/1992
 - Storage and coding of moving picture and audio

- MPEG-2 11/1994
 - Digital Television

- MPEG-4 (v2) 11/1999
 - Coding of natural and synthetic media objects for multimedia applications

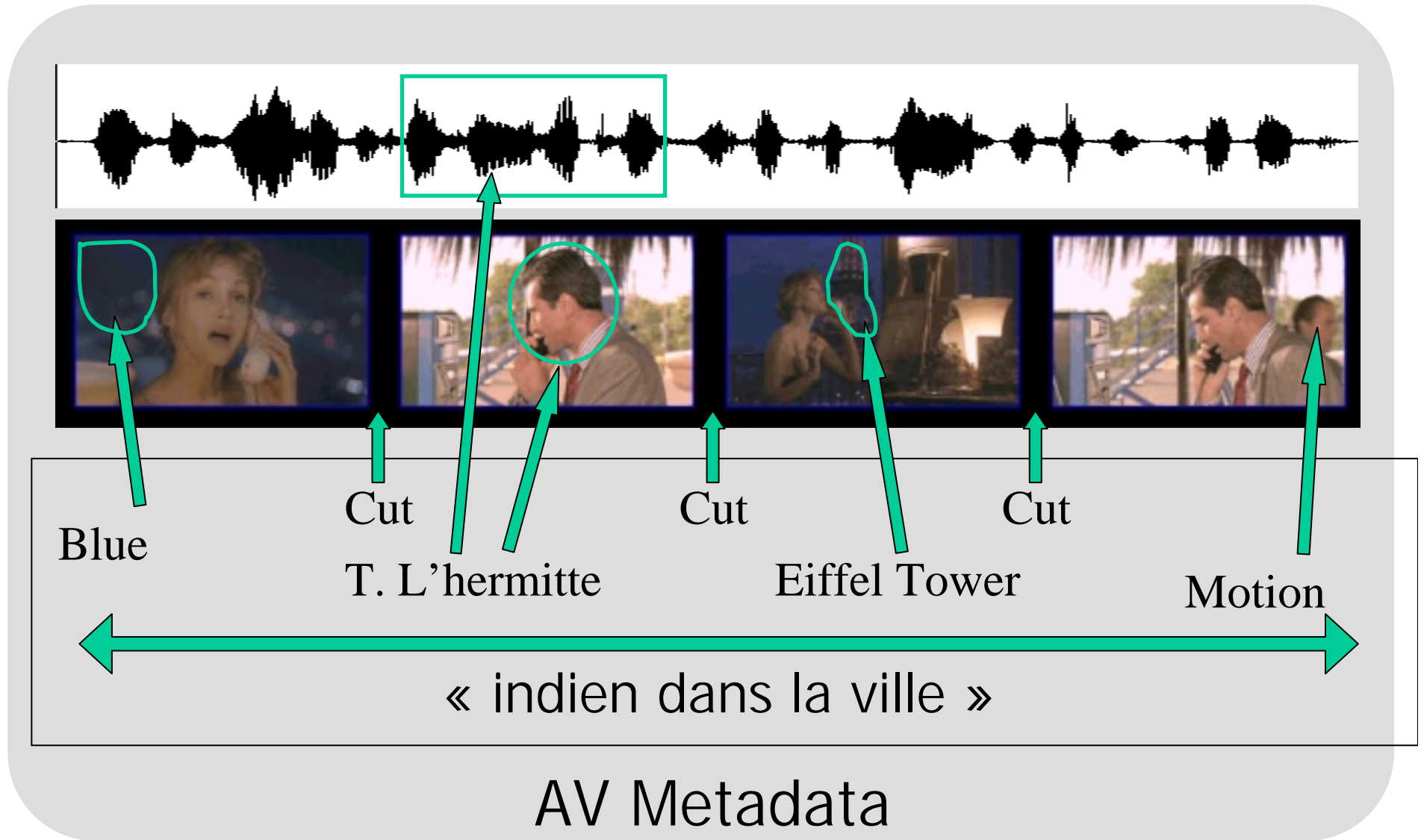
- MPEG-7 08/2001
 - Multimedia Content description for AV material

- MPEG-21 coming soon
 - Multimedia Framework



- Standardize AV content metadata
 - To ease the management of AV documents
 - Fast and efficient search
 - User oriented filtering
 - Classification / organizations of AV DB
 - ...
 - By describing different type of features
 - Low level colors, shapes, ...
 - Structural scene, shot, ...
 - Semantic relations, entities, ...
 - Organizational collections, models, ...
 - ...







MPEG-7 Technical overview

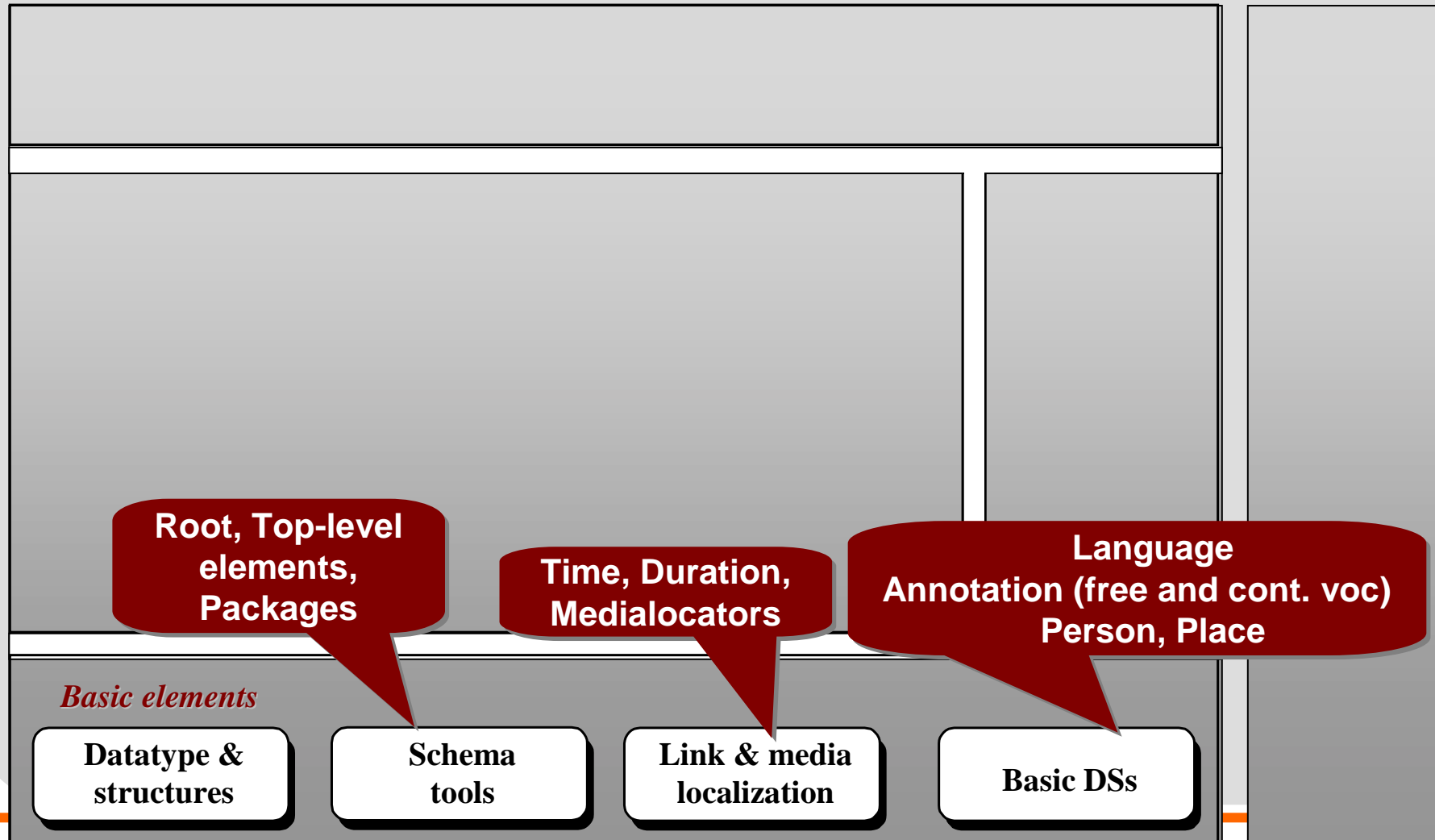


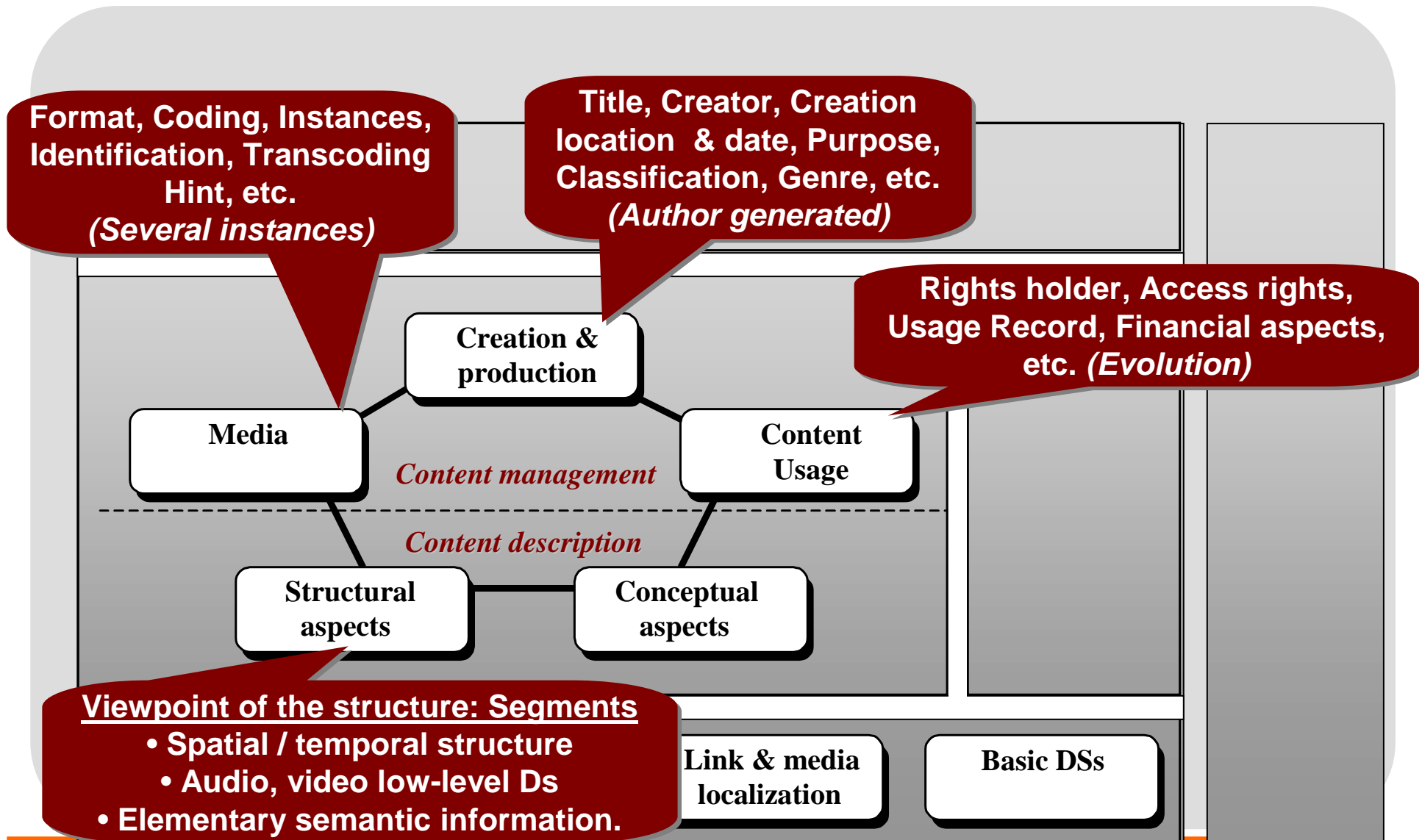
- Description
 - A metadata for AV material
- D : Descriptors
 - Syntax and semantic of representation AV features,
- DS : Description Schemes
 - Structure and semantics of relations between description components,
- DDL : Description Definition Language
 - Language to allow the creation and extension of DSs and Ds
- Systems tools
 - Encoding/decoding, compression and streaming of descriptions,

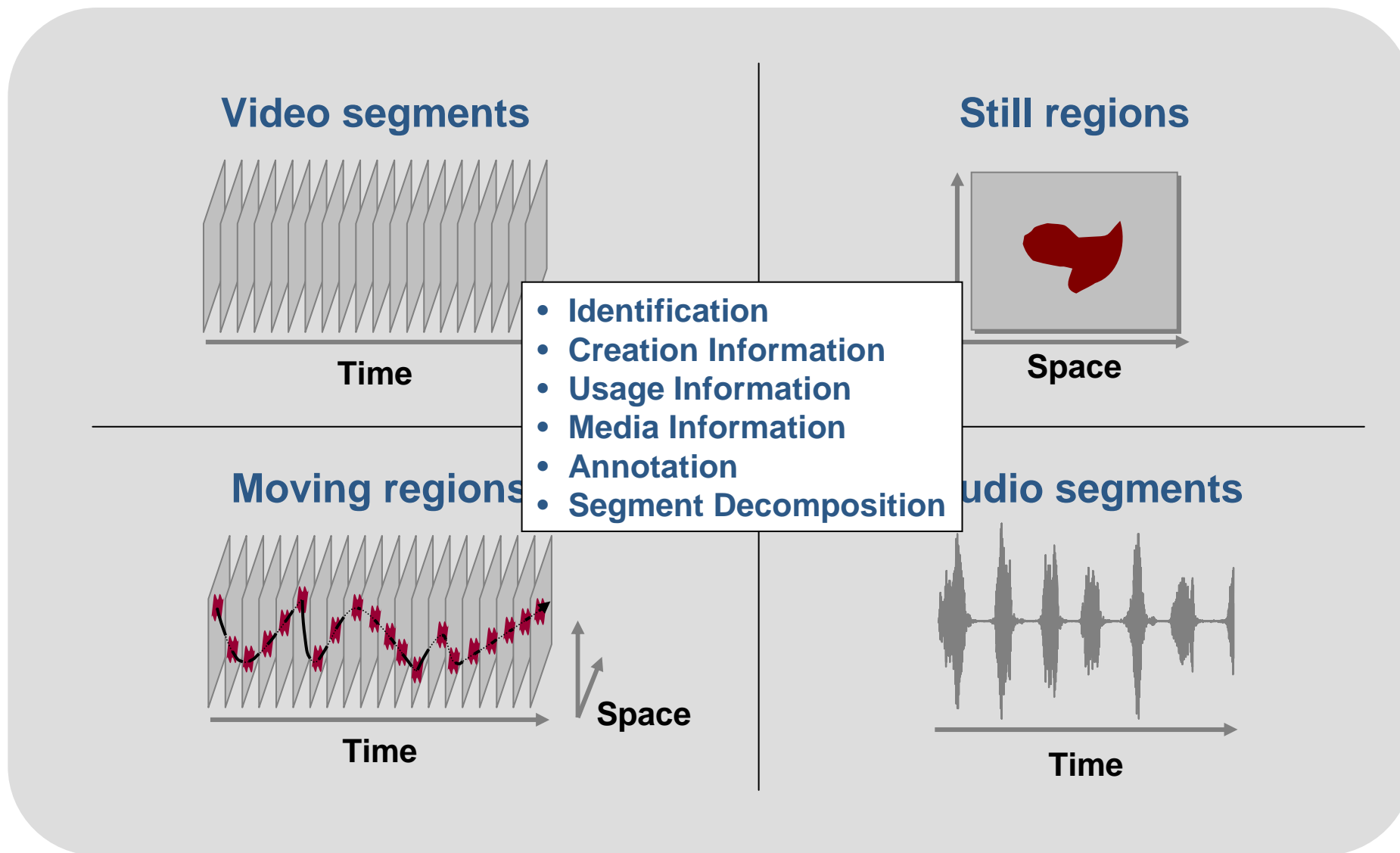


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|--|------------------------|
| 1. Systems | Transmission format |
| 2. DDL | XML Schema |
| 3. Audio | Audio MD |
| 4. Visual | Visual MD |
| 5. Multimedia DS | Structural MD |
| 6. Reference Software | Open source soft |
| 7. Conformance | Methods to test |
| 8. Extraction and use of MPEG-7 descriptions | Algorithms and methods |
| 9. MPEG-7 profiles and levels | Complexity reduction |

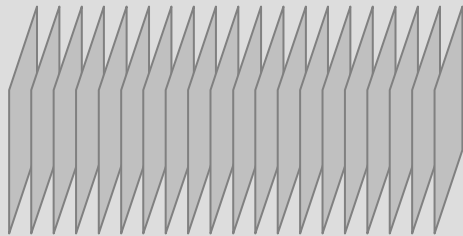






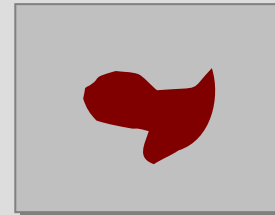


Video segments



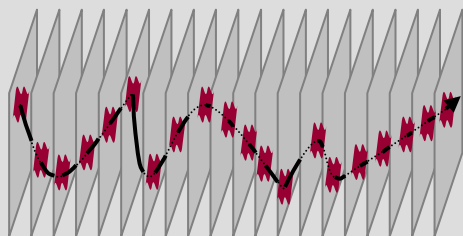
- Color
- Camera motion
- Motion activity
- Mosaic

Still regions



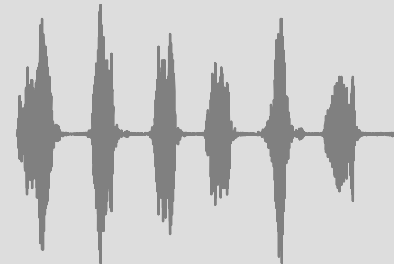
- Color
- Shape
- Position
- Texture

Moving regions



- Color
- Motion trajectory
- Parametric motion
- Spatio-temporal shape

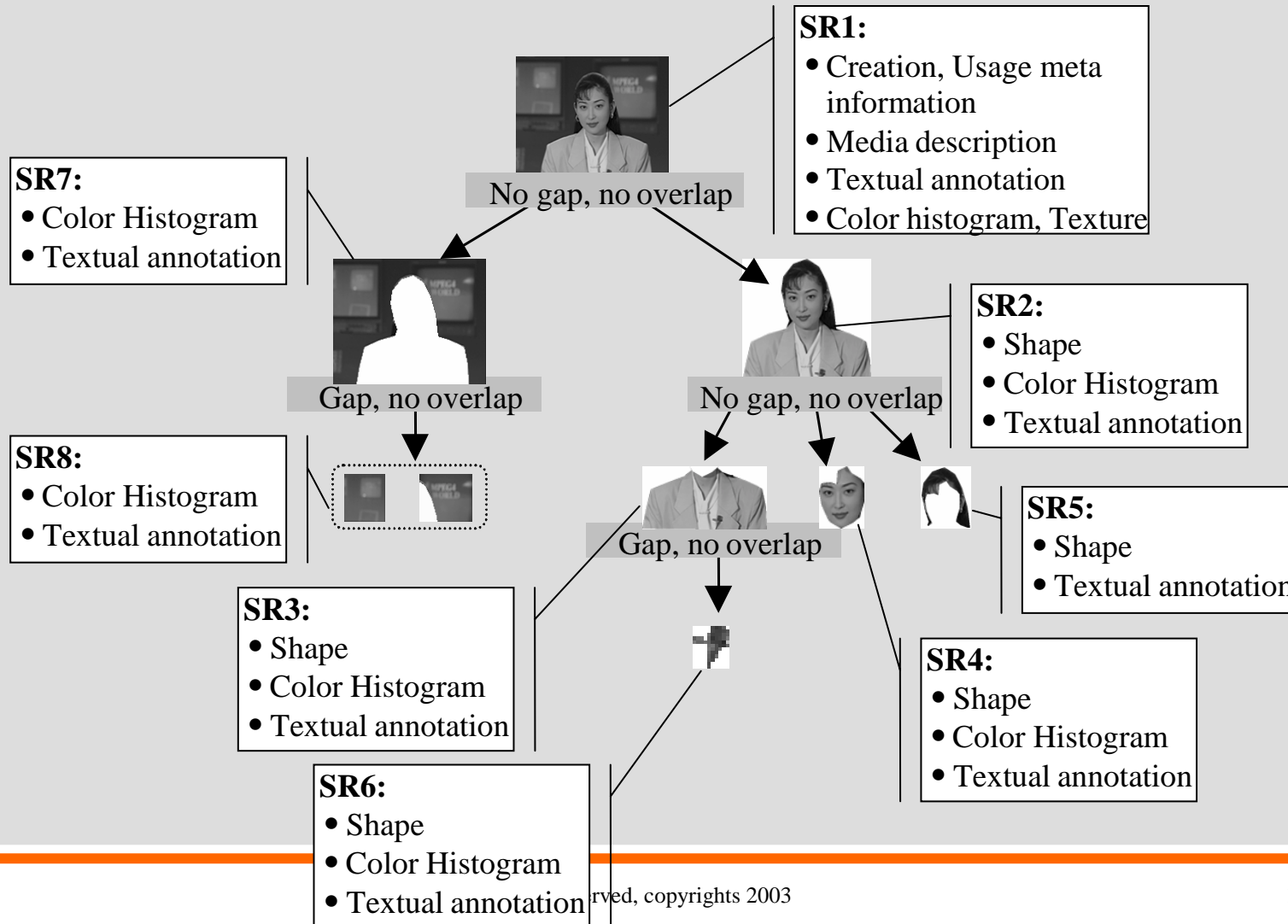
Audio segments

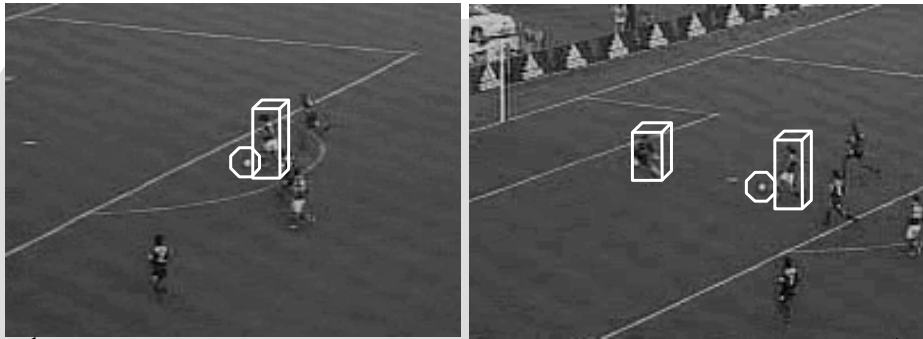


- Spoken content
- Spectral characterization
- Music: timbre, melody

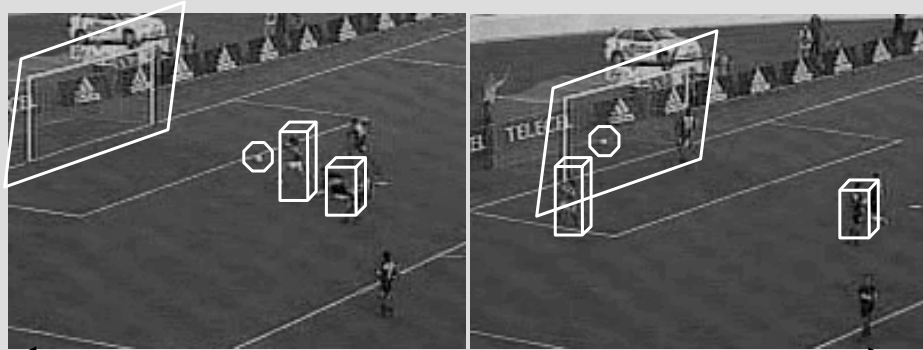


Example of Segment trees

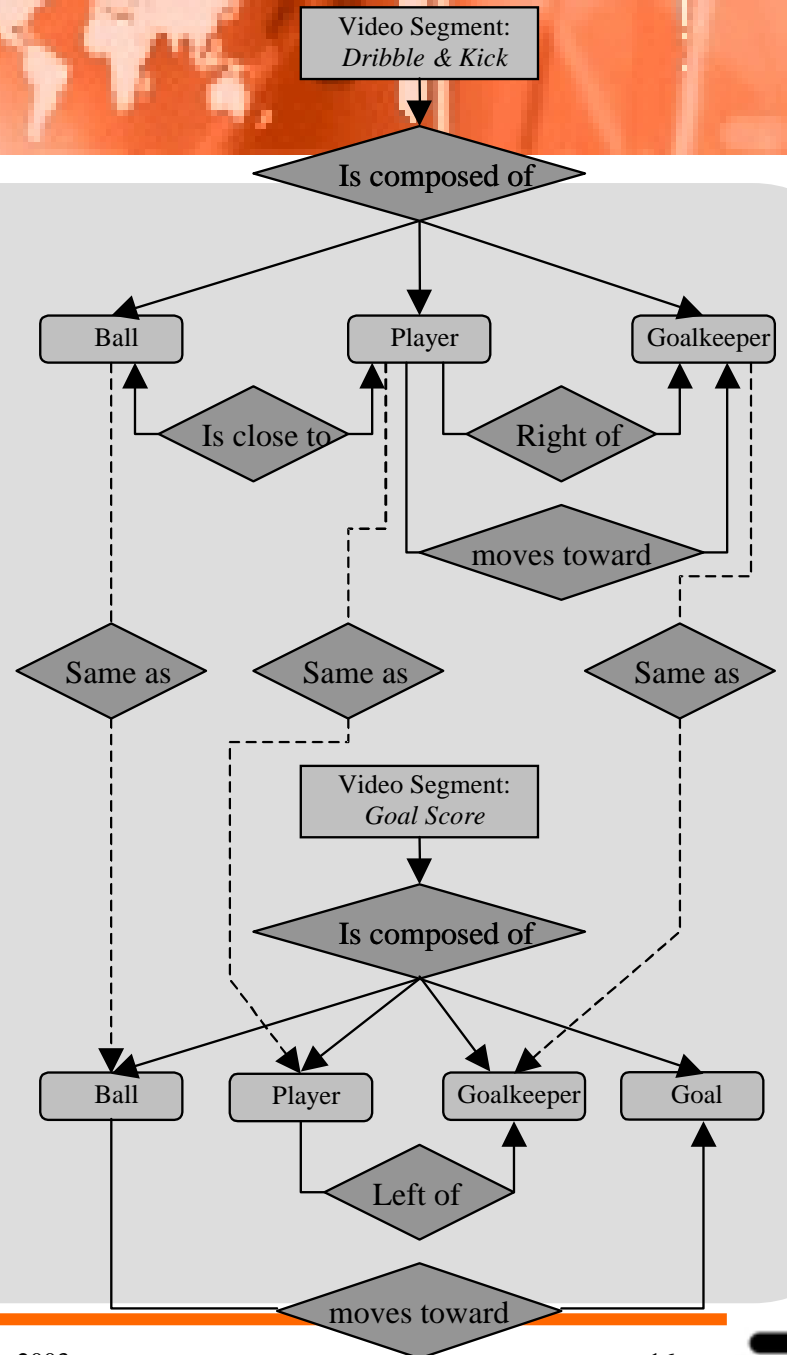


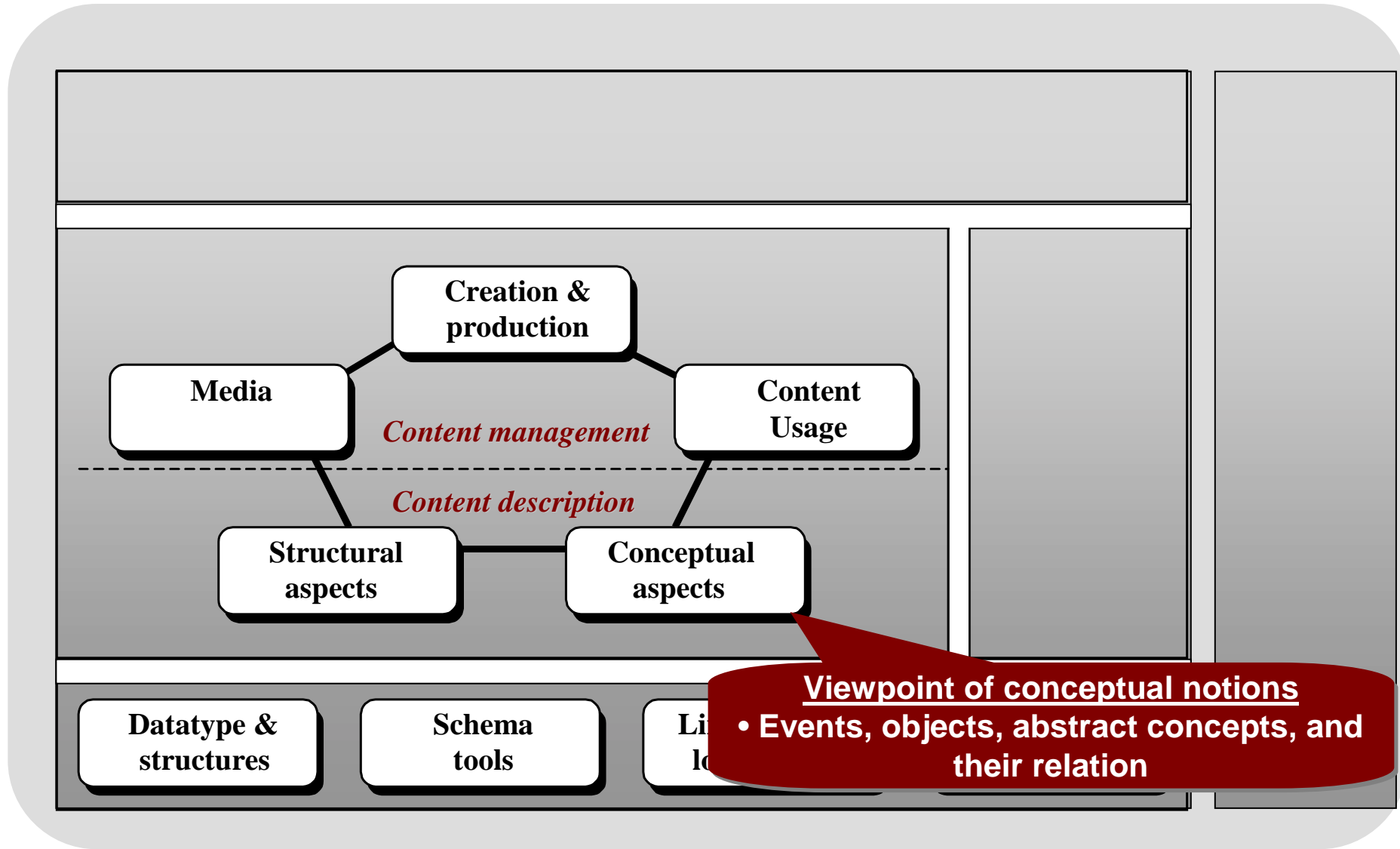


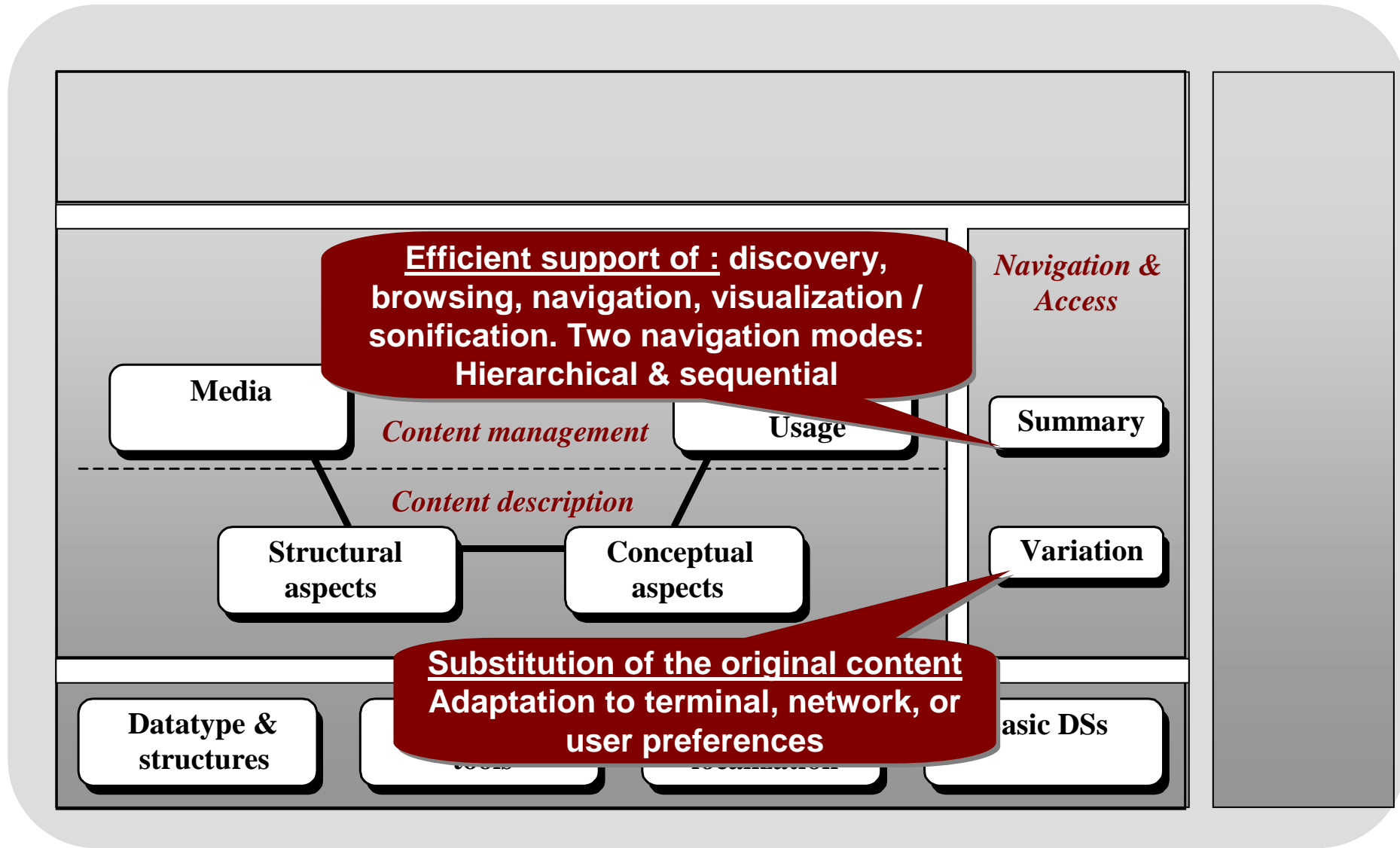
Video Segment 1: Dribble & Kick

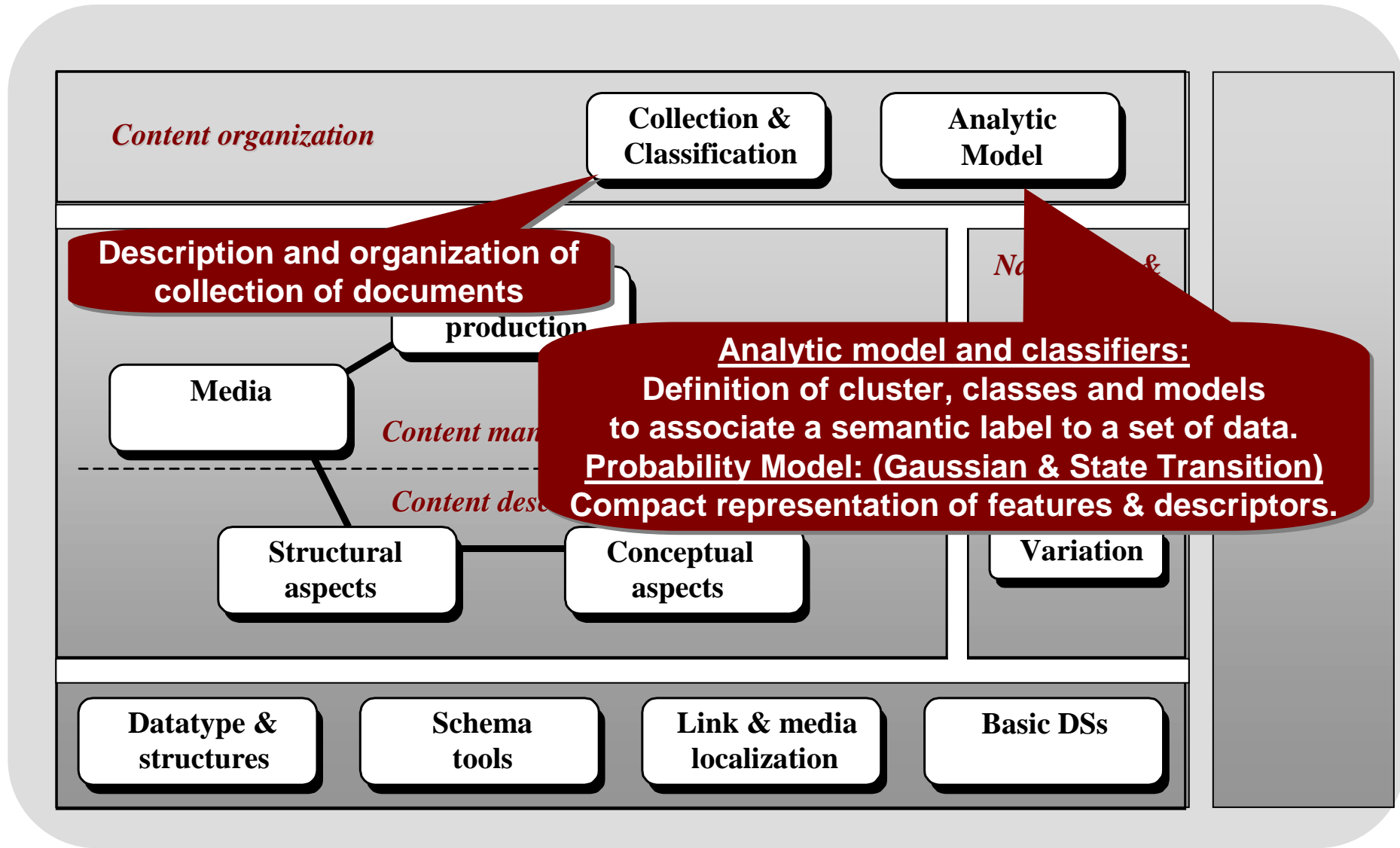


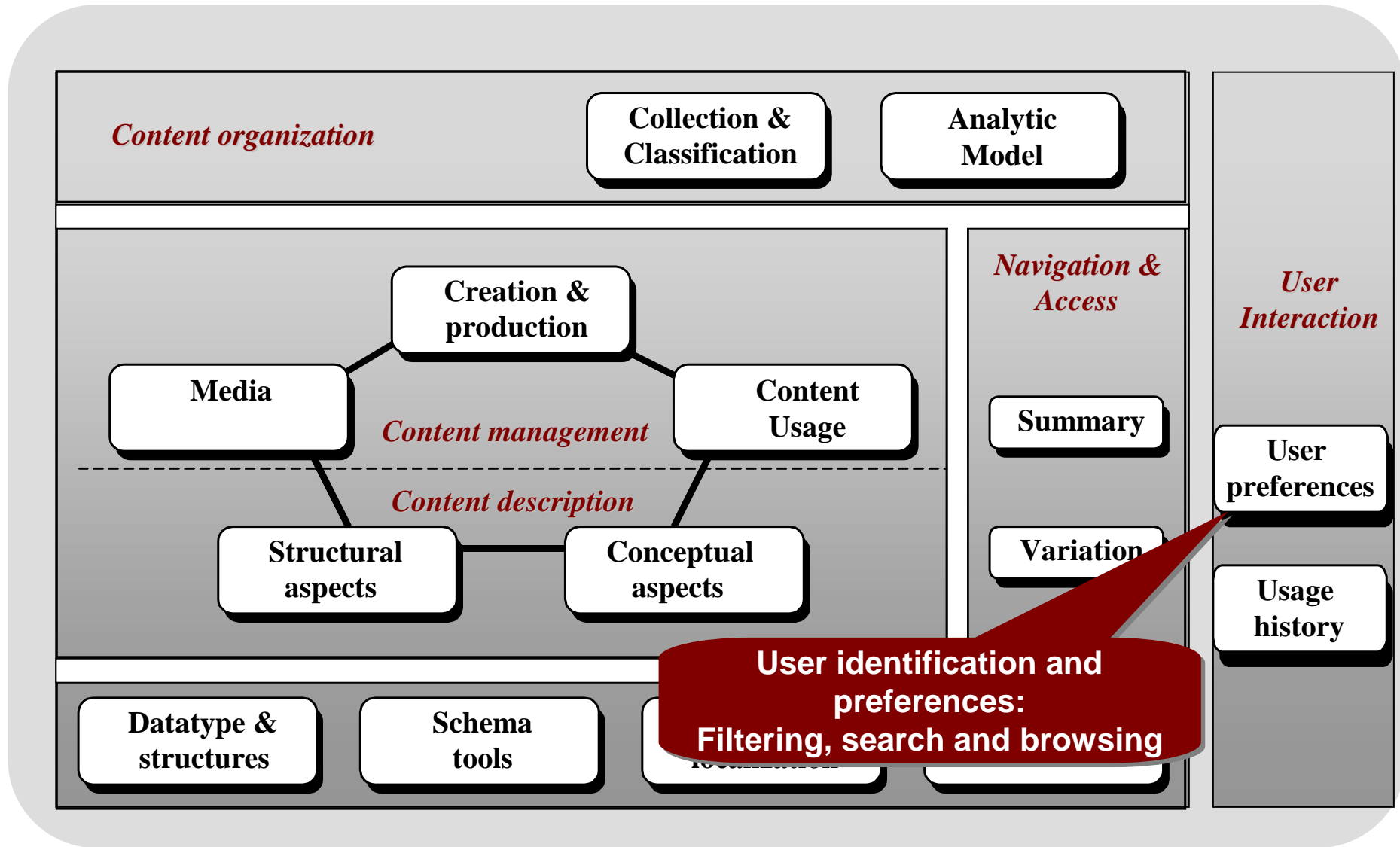
Video Segment 2: Goal Score







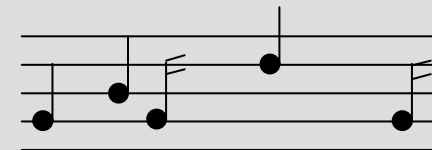
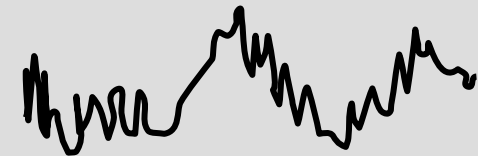




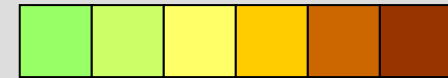
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- Sound effects
 - Indexing and categorization of general sound effects
- Musical Instrument Timbre
 - Perceptual features of instrument sounds
- Spoken Content
 - Word and phone lattices for each speaker
- Melody Contour
 - Compact representation of melody
- Silence
 - Attach silence semantics to an audio segment

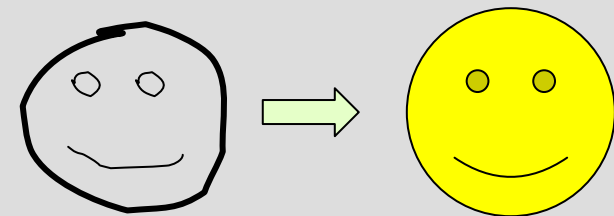


- Colors
 - Filter images by colors, ambiance, ..



- Texture
 - Distinguish clouds, walls, grass, ...

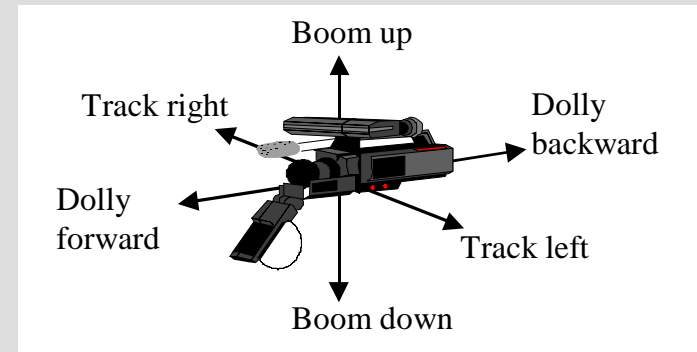
- Edges
 - Targets image-to-sketch matching



- Shapes
 - Describe visual object shapes



- Camera Motion
 - Pan, tilt, boom, track, dolly
- Motion Trajectory
 - Precise localization in time and space of an object
- Parametric Motion
 - Description of the motion of an object
- Motion Activity
 - Retrieve high speed car chase, interview, ...





TV-Anytime



- **Aim:** produce standards to **enable Personal Video Recorders (PVR)**

- **TVA recommendation on 4 main areas**
 - **Metadata**
 - For program descriptions, **EPGs**, and other information
 - To help the viewer choose before acquiring content
 - **Content Referencing**
 - Mechanisms for locating, tracking and record content
 - To help the PVR to effectively acquire the content
 - **System aspects**
 - Mechanisms for efficient transmission & processing of data
 - To minimize network, CPU and memory resources
 - **Content Rights and Home Networking**
 - On going work known as TVA Phase II



- A TV-Anytime scenario follow these steps:
 1. Based on the metadata, the viewer (or a user agent) **selects a content to record**. The result of this phase is a CRID that identifies the content
 2. **The CRID is resolved** into a **locator** or a set of locators that identify where and when the content is available (DVB, IP, ...)
 3. The device **uses the locator(s) to record the content**



- **Broadcast EPG**
 - Service Information
 - Programme Location
 - Programme Information

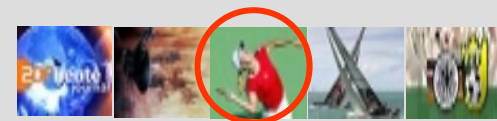
- **Video-on-Demand**
 - OnDemandProgram / service

- **Advanced Applications**
 - Group recording / trailer
 - Highlights viewing
 - Virtual Programmes
 - Indexes and chapters
 - e.g. for non linear navigation
 - Insertion of pre-recorded / cached related content
 - e.g. Target advertising / User Preferences / History



France 2 – 30 Février 2003

	17:30	Les monos		➔
	19:00	Douce France		➔
	20:00	Journal Télévisé		➔
	21:00	100' pour convaincre		➔
	22:40	Ca se discute!		➔



- **DVB - Europe**
 - DVB GBS: transport specification finalised
 - **UK DTG TVA Test Bed: target for live Service by Q1 2005**
 - EXPWAY currently working with 2 major STB manufacturers, 2 middleware editors and 2 head end tool providers

- **ARIB - Japan**
 - ARIB-STD B38: Coding, Transmission and Storage Specification for Broadcasting System Based on Home Servers
 - Several experiments:
 - **Tokyo Pilot & eConvergence** (NHK, NTT, Mitsubishi, Hitachi, etc.), Mobile DTT - **CRID Akasaka** (TBS, NTT, Hakuodo, EXPWAY)

- Several experiments done by vertical operators



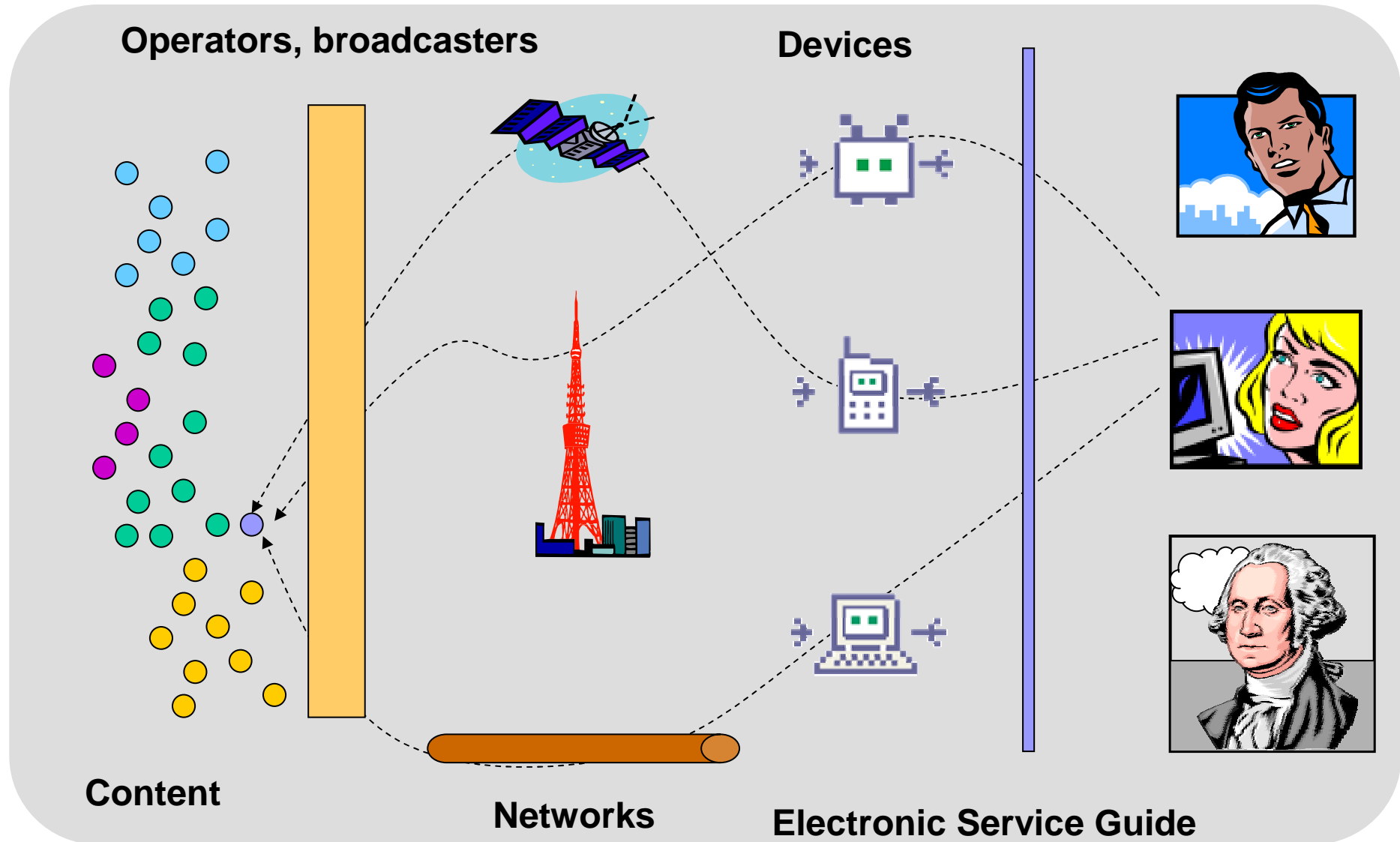


Metadata for end users

About EPG, ESG and ECG

Stakes and challenges





- With the **convergence** of networks and services
- Operators and Broadcasters face new challenges
 - Business models
 - Revisit their advertisements policy
 - **Ease user choices** in the service/content offer
 - Access to the most appropriate service
 - Provide personalized access
 - Manage heterogeneity of services, networks and terminals
 - Manage & market their **service offers**
- **Electronic Service Guide** (ESG) is the direct link between the operator, the broadcaster, the content owner and the user
 - Fast and smart metadata management is the enabling technology



- Allows to
 - Describe the service or content
 - Attach / link media content to it
 - Transmit the service description
 - Help locate the content
 - Market and collect consumption usage
 - Infer user preferences to promote the proper content
 - Insert advertisements / targeted advertisements

- While, satisfying the end user
 - Privacy
 - Quality of service
 - Awareness of consumption



- **Electronic TV-Program guide**
 - Receive every morning the TV-Program guide for the next days
 - Select, find your favorite program
 - Download trailers, related material
 - View advertisements
 - Record video clips/ Send email to your PVR

- **Video clips electronic guide**
 - Access to a large video clips database
 - sport events, music, news, ..
 - Find the clips that best suites to your taste / preview
 - Download it
 - Send an email to your friend to recommend it

- **Targeted and synchronized advertisements**
 - View your favorite show
 - Synchronized promotion and advertisements
 - Targeted to your taste



- Technical challenges
 - XML metadata are **voluminous**
 - XML processing is **memory and CPU intensive**
 - Various **Transmission models**
 - Manage server side/client side processing balance

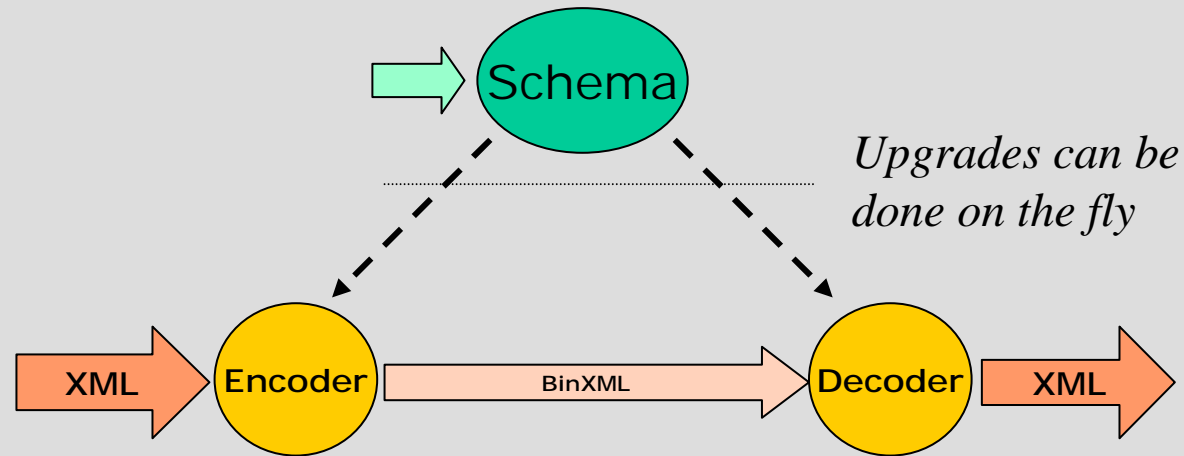
- TV-Anytime, DVB, MPEG-7 uses
 - An efficient XML **binary encoding format**
 - Metadata **fragmentation**



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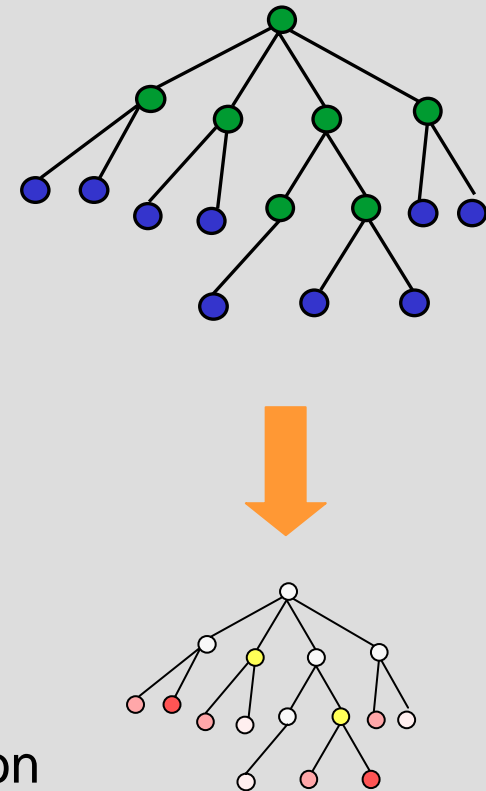


- XML Schema grammar analysis automatically generates encoding/decoding rules

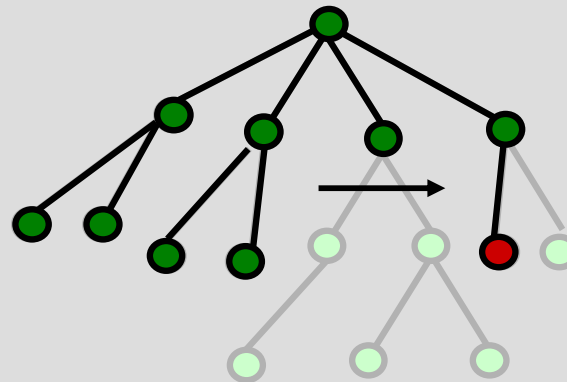
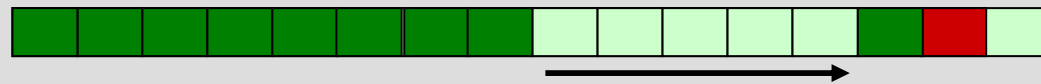


- Avoid to deal both with XML performance and flexibility
- Avoid to develop ad-hoc, stagnant binary formats

- Use of dedicated encoding methods
 - XML structure
 - Finite State Automaton based compilation
 - Simple, efficient, scalable
 - Enables validation & provides compression
 - XML content
 - Efficient standard compression methods
 - Statistical, Quantization, Dictionary, ...
 - Standard International encoding formats
 - IEEE-754, UTF-8, UTF-16, ...
- ➔ Intelligent adaptive and customizable compression



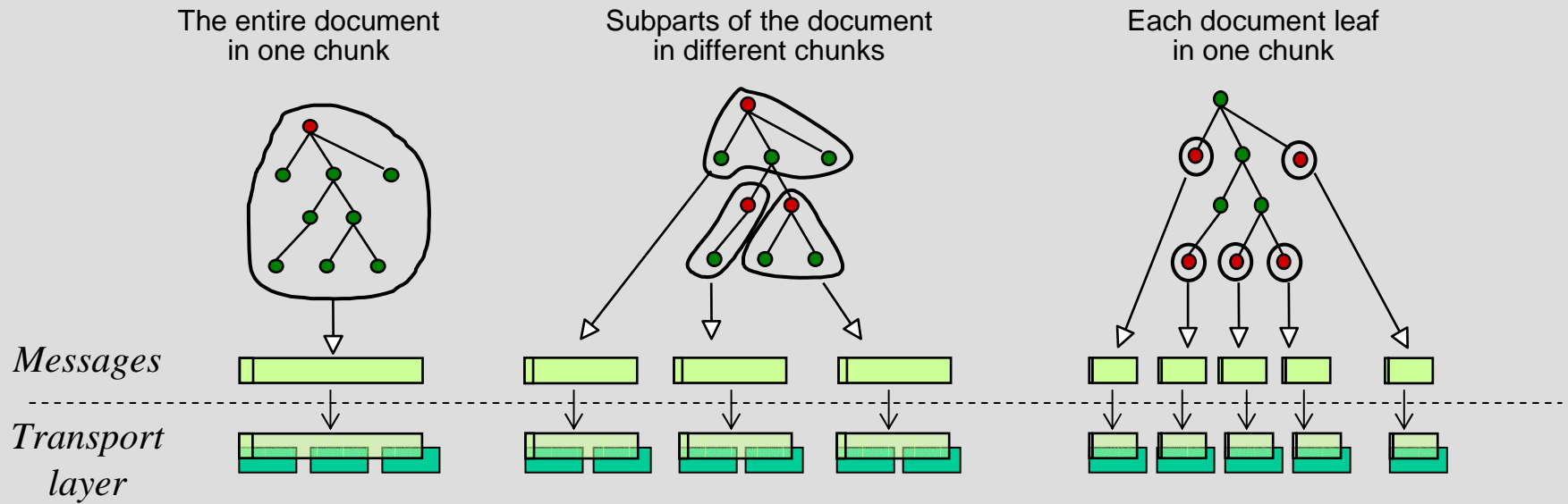
- An application can skip the decoding of some document subparts



➔ Parsing / filtering speed improvements

BiM - Flexible Transmission

- Document can be cut into several pieces transmitted independently



- ➔ Optimize message mapping to the underlying transport
 - ➔ Reduce processing latency
- ➔ Progressive & delta transmission
- ➔ Fragment based processing (indexing, encryption, ..)





Conclusion



- MPEG-7 is defining simple profiles
 - Simple Metadata Profile
 - simple metadata tagging for single instances of multimedia clip
 - Mapping from/to ID3 and EXIF
 - User Description Profile
 - to describe the personal preferences and usage patterns of users of multimedia content
 - Core Description Profile
 - to describe general multimedia content such as images, videos, audio, and collections.
- TV-Anytime is targetting new contents and new business models
 - content types: games, interactive app
 - devices: Mobile phones, PDA
 - storage: DVD-R
 - Content sharing



- DVB & ARIB framework have adopted TV-Anytime
 - DVB-GBS / DVB-IPI
- Practical implementation of metadata standards has started
 - UK DTG Testbed using TV-Anytime/DVB (BBC)
 - eConvergence project in Japan (NTT / NHK)
- Technical solutions are mature enough
 - XML → flexibility
 - BiM → efficiency
- And also
 - Metadata providers already generate TV-Anytime
 - Storing content is increasing
 - PVRs / iPod / mobile phones
 - Datacast distribution is expected to gain over UMTS
 - DVB-H / SDMB



- Mission
 - Faciliter **l'accès au contenu** quel que soit le type de contenu, l'environnement ou les terminaux en proposant des solutions innovantes, évolutives et standards.
- Produits
 - Expway développe et distribue des **solutions logicielles d'ESG** permettant la valorisation des bases de contenus multimédia sur tout type de réseaux et de terminaux.
- Marchés
 - Télévision Numérique
 - Téléphonie mobile
 - Editeurs de solutions logicielles



- Merci de votre attention

- Plus d'information
 - MPEG : <http://www.csel.it/mpeg>
 - TV-Anytime : <http://www.tv-anytime.org>
 - BiM et BinXML: <http://www.expway.com>

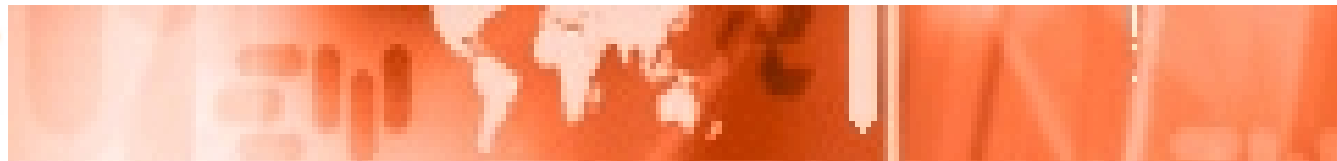
- Merci à Philippe Salembier pour son aide sur la présentation MPEG-7

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Expway, CTO
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ANNEXES



- Danger principal *Sources TiVo & replay TV*
 - Modèle de revenu actuel fondé sur la publicité
 - Avec les PDRs, 88% des publicités ne sont pas regardées

- Mais
 - 6 utilisateurs sur 10 de TiVo regardent plus la TV
 - En moyenne les utilisateurs regardent 3 heures de plus par semaine (ReplayTV)
 - 60% des utilisateurs regardent des séries qui n'étaient pas visibles à cause des horaires peu favorables
 - 1/3 des utilisateurs de TiVo considèrent la TV comme leur source essentielle de loisir (2* plus que ceux sans TiVo)
 - La location de films représente 2* plus de revenu que le cinéma

- De nouveaux modèles de revenus doivent être imaginés
 - Des publicités plus pertinentes, personnalisées
 - Des événements live payants
 - Des services de location / chargement à la demande

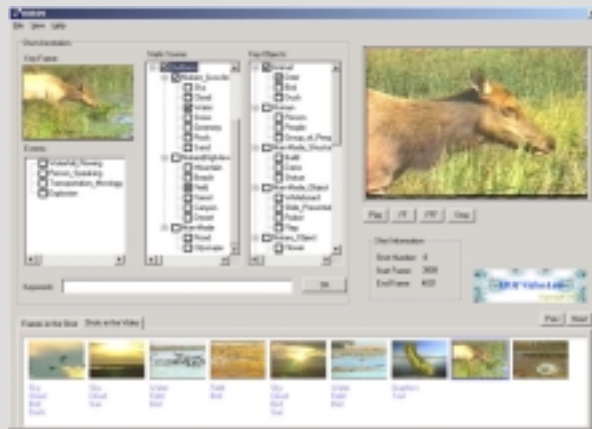




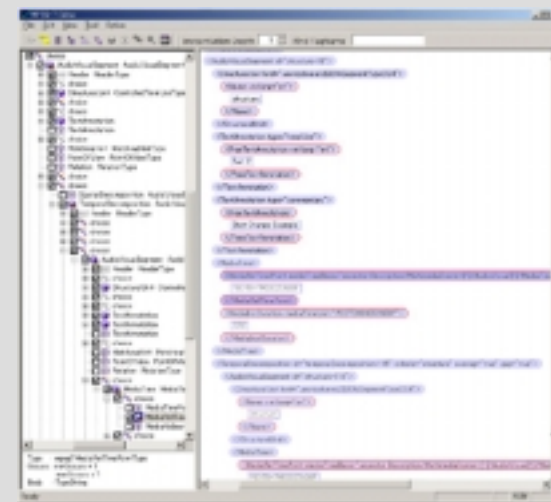
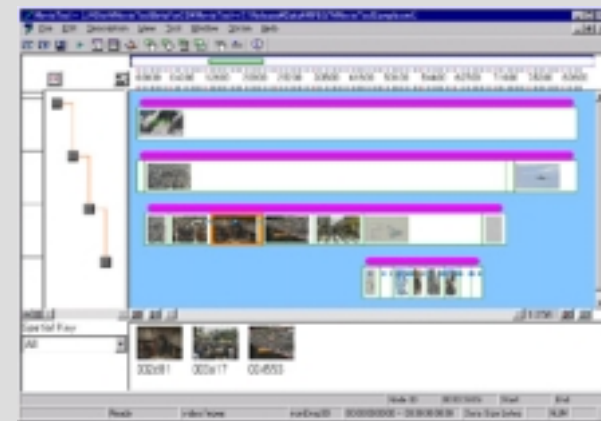
Exemples d'application MPEG-7



IBM - VideoAnnEx Annotation Tool



Ricoh - Movie Tool

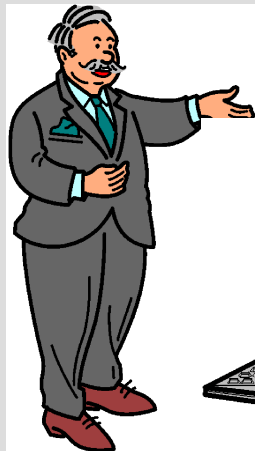


Presenter:

- Make the Presentation as usual
- Recorded the Presenter's Action
- One-person control is possible

Recording Operator:

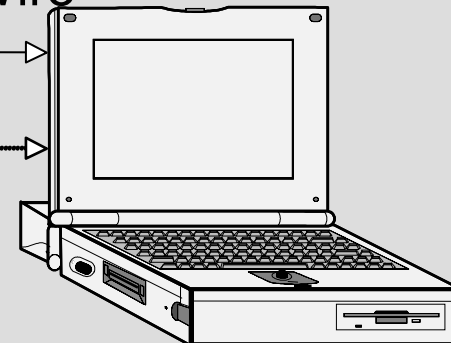
- Direct HDD Recording
- Automatic content transfer and Web content generate within 1 min.
- Content Retrieval is possible using MPEG-7



PC Presentation



FireWire



PC Capture

Wifi

Ricoh - MPMeister



- Fraunhofer
 - Technologie MPEG-7 d'identification de morceaux de musique

- EPFL
 - Camera MPEG-7
 - Détection de mouvements / formes naturelles

- NTT Docomo (projet de recherche)
 - Distribution de contenus personnalisés sur téléphone portable 3G
 - La description MPEG-7 des vidéos est transmise
 - Le téléphone retourne un scénario personnalisé
 - La vidéo est générée et streamée au terminal

